

# R E Š E N J A

Klasifikacionog ispita iz Matematike za 2018. godinu:

1. Uprostiti izraz  $I = \frac{x^2 - 4xy + 3y^2}{x^2 - y^2}$ .

$$\begin{aligned} I &= \frac{x^2 - 4xy + 3y^2}{x^2 - y^2} = \frac{x^2 - xy - 3xy + 3y^2}{(x - y)(x + y)} = \frac{x(x - y) - 3y(x - y)}{(x - y)(x + y)} = \\ &= \frac{(x - y)(x - 3y)}{(x - y)(x + y)} = \boxed{\frac{x - 3y}{x + y}}, \text{ za } x \neq \pm y. \end{aligned}$$

2. Rastaviti na faktore polinom  $P(x) = x^5 - x^3 - x^2 + 1$ .

$$\begin{aligned} P(x) &= x^3(x^2 - 1) - (x^2 - 1) = (x^2 - 1)(x^3 - 1) \\ &= (x - 1)(x + 1)(x - 1)(x^2 + x + 1) = \boxed{(x - 1)^2(x + 1)(x^2 + x + 1)}. \end{aligned}$$

3. Uprostiti izraz  $I = \frac{1 + x + (1 - x)^{-1}}{1 + (1 - x^2)^{-1}}$ .

$$\begin{aligned} I &= \frac{1 + x + (1 - x)^{-1}}{1 + (1 - x^2)^{-1}} = \frac{1 + x + \frac{1}{1 - x}}{1 + \frac{1}{1 - x^2}} = \frac{\frac{1 - x + x - x^2 + 1}{1 - x}}{\frac{1 - x^2 + 1}{(1 - x)(1 + x)}} = \\ &= \frac{(2 - x^2)(1 - x)(1 + x)}{(2 - x^2)(1 - x)} = \boxed{1 + x}, \text{ za } x \neq \pm 1, x \neq \pm \sqrt{2}. \end{aligned}$$

4. Rešiti jednačinu  $\frac{9x - 8}{7} = 7 - \frac{5x + 7}{9}$ .

Ako jednačinu pomnožimo sa 63 dobijamo

$$\begin{aligned} 9(9x - 8) &= 7 \cdot 63 - 7(5x + 7) \iff 81x - 72 = 441 - 35x - 49 \iff \\ 116x &= 464 \iff \boxed{x = 4}. \end{aligned}$$

5. Rešiti jednačinu  $\frac{6x - 1}{2 + x} = 3$ .

$$\text{Za } x \neq -2 \text{ imamo da je } 6x - 1 = 6 + 3x \iff 3x = 7 \iff \boxed{x = \frac{7}{3}}.$$

6. Rešiti sistem jednačina  $3x + 5y = 1 \wedge 3x - 2y = 8$ .

Ako prvu jednačinu pomnožimo sa  $-1$  i dodamo drugoj, dobijamo

$$\begin{aligned} -3x - 5y &= -1 \wedge 3x - 2y = 8 \iff -7y = 7 \wedge 3x - 2y = 8 \\ \iff y &= -1 \wedge 3x + 2 = 8 \iff \boxed{x = 2} \wedge \boxed{y = -1}. \end{aligned}$$

7. Rešiti jednačinu  $(x - 1)^2 - 4 = 0$ .

$$(x - 1)^2 - 4 = 0 \iff (x - 1)^2 - 2^2 = 0 \iff (x - 1 - 2)(x - 1 + 2) = 0 \iff \\ (x - 3)(x + 1) = 0 \iff x - 3 = 0 \vee x + 1 = 0 \iff \boxed{x = 3} \vee \boxed{x = -1}.$$

8. Za koju vrednost parametra  $m \in \mathbb{R}$  kvadratna jednačina  $x^2 + 6x + m = 0$  nema realna rešenja?

Jednačina nema realna rešenja ako i samo ako je  $D = b^2 - 4ac < 0$ , tj. ako je

$$D = 6^2 - 4 \cdot 1 \cdot m < 0 \iff 36 - 4m < 0 \iff \boxed{m > 9}.$$

9. Rešiti nejednačinu  $(x - 2)^2 - 9 > 0$ .

$$(x - 2)^2 - 3^2 = (x + 1)(x - 5) > 0 \iff \\ [(x + 1 < 0 \wedge x - 5 < 0) \vee (x + 1 > 0 \wedge x - 5 > 0)] \iff \\ [x < -1 \vee x > 5] \iff \boxed{x \in (-\infty, -1) \cup (5, +\infty)}.$$

10. Rešiti jednačinu  $(2018)^{x^2 - 5x + 4} = 1$ .

$$(2018)^{x^2 - 5x + 4} = 1 \iff (2018)^{x^2 - 5x + 4} = (2018)^0 \iff x^2 - 5x + 4 = 0 \iff \\ \boxed{x = 1} \vee \boxed{x = 4}.$$

11. Rešiti jednačinu  $\log_3(2x + 3) = 2$ .

Za  $2x + 3 > 0 \iff x > -\frac{3}{2}$  je

$$\log_3(2x + 3) = 2 \iff 2x + 3 = 3^2 \iff 2x = 6 \iff \boxed{x = 3}.$$

12. Izračunati vrednost izraza  $I = \log_6 2 + \log_6 3$ .

$$I = \log_6 2 + \log_6 3 = \log_6(2 \cdot 3) = \log_6 6 = \boxed{1}.$$

13. Rešiti nejednačinu  $\frac{3 - x}{4 - x} > 1$ .

$$\text{Za } x \neq 4, \text{ je } \frac{3 - x}{4 - x} > 1 \iff \frac{3 - x}{4 - x} - 1 > 0 \iff \frac{3 - x - 4 + x}{4 - x} > 0 \iff \frac{-1}{4 - x} > 0 \\ \iff 4 - x < 0 \iff x > 4 \iff \boxed{x \in (4, +\infty)}.$$

14. Rešiti jednačinu  $4^x - 5 \cdot 2^x + 4 = 0$ .

$$4^x - 5 \cdot 2^x + 4 = 0 \iff 2^{2x} - 5 \cdot 2^x + 4 = 0 \iff (2^x)^2 - 5 \cdot 2^x + 4 = 0.$$

Smenom  $2^x = t$  dobijamo:  $t^2 - 5t + 4 = 0 \iff t = 1 \vee t = 4$ , pa je:

$$4^x - 5 \cdot 2^x + 4 = 0 \iff 2^x = 1 \vee 2^x = 4 \iff \boxed{x = 0} \vee \boxed{x = 2}.$$

15. Napisati kanonski oblik parabole  $y = x^2 - 4x + 3$ .

$$y = a \left( x + \frac{b}{2a} \right)^2 + \frac{4ac - b^2}{4a} = 1 \cdot \left( x + \frac{-4}{2 \cdot 1} \right)^2 + \frac{4 \cdot 1 \cdot 3 - (-4)^2}{4 \cdot 1} = \boxed{(x - 2)^2 - 1}.$$

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